



Adrenogenital Syndrome -- Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia

Whether you are searching for information about Adrenogenital Syndrome on ValCat, FirstSearch, InfoTrac, or on the World Wide Web, here are some key terms and words that you may want to use.

Many sources use the following two terms, interchangeably:

- Adrenogenital Syndrome
- Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia

Locating Information in Books

There are not many books devoted to just Adrenogenital Syndrome. However, there are books about medical and endocrine disorders/diseases that will contain information about topics such as Adrenogenital Syndrome (congenital adrenal hyperplasia or adrenal virilism).

- Use the index in the back of each of these books in order to find information about specific disorders/medical conditions, such as Adrenogenital Syndrome.
- *The Merck Manual of Diagnosis and Therapy* - Reference RC 55 .M4 2006. Pages 2381 - 2382 cover congenital adrenal hyperplasia. Pages 1211 - 1212 cover adrenal virilism. An online version of *The Merck Manual* is available at: <http://www.merck.com/mrkshared/mmanual/home.jsp>
- *Encyclopedia of Endocrine Diseases and Disorders*. Reference RC 649 .P48 2005. Look on pages 47 - 48 for congenital adrenal hyperplasia.
- *Endocrine and Metabolic Disorders Sourcebook* - RC 648 .E418 2006. Chapter 19, pages 245 - 250, gives a summary of congenital adrenal hyperplasia.
- *The Endocrine System* - Reference QP 187 .W34 2004. Look on page 172 for congenital adrenal hyperplasia.
- *Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine* - Reference RC 46 .H333. Look at the index under congenital adrenal hyperplasia, also.

Online Reference Books

The *Gale Encyclopedia of Medicine* is a reference book that can be accessed through [InfoTrac's Health Reference Center Academic](#)

For OFF-Campus access, use your Delta username and password. For help, please call the Reference Desk at (989) 686-9560.



Locating Information in Periodicals

Search the following online databases/indexes to locate journal articles (electronic format) on your topic:

[InfoTrac](#) is available from the [Delta Library website \(Journals and Magazines\)](#), either on campus or remotely with password. For OFF-Campus access, use your Delta username and password. For help, please call the Reference Desk at (989) 686-9560.

[Medline](#), within FirstSearch, is a medical database (index) that will lead you to a few scholarly articles about adrenogenital syndrome/congenital adrenal hyperplasia. You can click on the link [Medline](#), or go to the [Delta Library website \(Journals and Magazines\)](#), either on campus or remotely with authorization code and password. For OFF-Campus access, use your Delta username and password. For help, please call the Reference Desk at (989) 686-9560.

Once you see the main search screen for Medline:

1. Type congenital adrenal hyperplasia within the white search box next to "Search for:"
2. Before clicking on the "Search" button, you need to make a choice:
 - Most people want to see the full-text of the article on the computer. To do this, click within the white box next to "Limit to: " and "Full text."
 - If there are not many full-text articles, the next choice would be to find journals that are located within Delta Library. Click within the white box next to "Subscriptions held by my library (EDK, DELTA COL LIBR)." NOTE: Please do NOT click both boxes at the same time.
 - If you do not check either box, you will get A LOT of articles that are suppose to contain the words "congenital adrenal hyperplasia." Many of these may not be what you want and most will not be located at Delta College Library. However, you can interlibrary loan, for free, articles that look like they may help. The interlibrary loan process takes, at least, two weeks or more.
3. Once you decide on which box to check or not check, click on the "Search" button.
4. You will be presented with a list of citations for journal articles that should have something to do with congenital adrenal hyperplasia. NOTE: MOST, but not all, are scholarly journals in Medline.

[PubMed](#) is a service of the National Library of Medicine, that provides access to over 11 million MEDLINE citations back to the mid-1960's and additional life science journals. PubMed also links to sites with full-text articles and resources.

TIP: PubMed offers a link to "limit" your search. By clicking on "Limits", you can limit the search to free full-text (entire article) and you can limit to articles presented in English.



Here are some examples of scholarly journal articles that can be found in peer-reviewed journals by using indexes such as Medline (FirstSearch), InfoTrac, and PubMed:

Cabrera, M. S., Vogiatzi, M. G. and New M. I. (2001). Long term outcome in adult males with classic congenital adrenal hyperplasia. *The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism*, 86 (7), 3070-8.

(This IS a scholarly research study (article) from "*The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolis*" which is a peer-reviewed (refereed) journal. This article gives methods, charts, tables, and results regarding the long term outcome in adult males with classic congenital adrenal hyperplasia. This publication is not within Delta Library but the article can be retrieved through PubMed).

Lin-Su, K., Vogiatzi, M. G., Marshall, I., Harbison, M. D., Macapagal, M. C., Betensky, B., Tansil, S., and New, M. I. (2005). Treatment with growth hormone and luteinizing hormone releasing hormone analog improves final adult height in children with congenital adrenal hyperplasia. *The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism*, 90 (6), 3318-25.

(This IS a scholarly research study (article) from "*The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism*" which is a peer-reviewed (refereed) journal. This article gives methods, charts, tables, and plenty of references regarding the treatment using growth hormone and luteinizing hormone releasing hormone analog which is supposed to improve the final adult height in children with congenital adrenal hyperplasia. This publication is not within Delta Library but the article can be retrieved through PubMed).

Merke, D. P., & Bornstein, S. R. (2005). Congenital adrenal hyperplasia. *The Lancet*, 365 (9477), 2125-36.

(This scholarly article is from "*The Lancet*" which is a peer-reviewed (refereed) journal. This article is NOT considered a research article BUT this gives a very good scholarly overview of congenital adrenal hyperplasia. The full text of this article can be found within InfoTrac Health Reference Academic).

Speiser, P. W. and White, P. C. (2003). Medical progress: congenital adrenal hyperplasia. *New England Journal of Medicine*, 349 (8), 776 - 88.

(This scholarly article is from "*The New England Journal of Medicine*" which is a peer-reviewed (refereed) journal. This article is NOT considered a research article BUT this "review article" gives a very good scholarly overview of congenital adrenal hyperplasia. This August 21, 2003 article is in "*New England Journal of Medicine*" which is located on the periodical shelves).



Locating Information on the World Wide Web

The Mayo Clinic provides the following information about Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia:
<http://www.mayoclinic.com/health/congenital-adrenal-hyperplasia/AN01040>

MedlinePlus Medical Encyclopedia: Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia.
<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/ency/article/000411.htm>

National Adrenal Diseases Foundation.
<http://www.medhelp.org/nadf/diseases/cah.htm>

[How to Cite Books and Journals in APA and MLA Format](#)

- Citing Electronic Resources in APA Format
- Citing Print Resources in APA Format
- Citing Electronic Resources in MLA Format
- Citing Print Resources in MLA Format